

## **EU and urban mobility**

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### **European Commission**

Transport



#### **1. Starting point**

Many urban areas suffer from severe congestion

Climate change issue: urban mobility accounts for 23% of  $CO_2$  emissions from transport

Health issues related to ambient air quality (NOx, PM emissions)

➢Urban road accidents still account for some 40% of all road fatalities (approx. 11,000 per year)



#### **2. EU response**

- Transport is shared responsibility between the EU and the Member States (subsidiarity principle)
- Urban mobility is a local responsibility
- Local authorities receive EU support:
  - 2.1 Policy framework
  - 2.2 Funding for implementation
  - 2.3 Funding for research and innovation
  - 2.4 Exchange of experience and best practice
  - 2.5 Awareness-raising



#### **2.1 Policy framework**

- Action Plan on Urban Mobility (2009) implemented
- Transport White Paper (2011) being reviewed in 2015
- Urban Mobility Package (Dec 2013)
- Clean Power for Transport Package (Jan 2013)
- Clean Vehicles Directive 2009/33



#### The Urban Mobility Package ec.europa.eu/transport/themes/urban/ump\_en.htm

- Calls for action from the Member States
- Reinforces EU support
  - $\checkmark$  Exchange of experience and best practice
  - ✓ Funding for implementation
  - ✓ Funding for research & innovation (Horizon 2020)
- Gives further help for cities to develop SUMPs
- Gives recommendations for coordinated action in specific areas: Urban logistics, Urban access regulations, ITS deployment in urban areas, Urban road safety



#### **Sustainable Urban Mobility Plans**

# SUMPs help cities to render urban mobility more efficient and sustainable

- Member States are invited to:
  - Assess their current urban mobility and develop an approach that ensures coordinated action at national, regional and local level
  - Review the tools put at their disposal
- The Commission proposes a concept for Sustainable Urban Mobility Plans (content, process) based on experiences from across the EU
- The Commission will:
  - Set up a Platform on Sustainable Urban Mobility Plans to coordinate EU cooperation and provide a one-stop-shop
  - Supports the development and implementation of SUMPs, including through its financial instruments



#### **Coordinated action in urban logistics**

# Urban logistics is crucial for the functioning of cities

- Member States are invited to:
  - Ensure that urban logistics is properly considered in their approach to urban mobility and within SUMPs
  - Create platforms for cooperation, exchange of data and information, training, etc. for all actors of the logistics chains
- The Commission will:
  - Improve the dissemination and uptake of urban logistics best practice
  - Prepare, with experts, guidance documents that provide practical assistance for improving urban logistics
  - Facilitate procurement of clean vehicles, e.g. by improving the Clean Vehicle Portal



#### **Coordinated action in urban access regulations**

# **Optimising urban access regulations (e.g. green/environmental zones)**

- Member States are invited to:
  - Conduct a thorough review of the effectiveness of existing schemes
  - Provide a framework for local authorities to design, implement, and evaluate urban access regulation schemes
- The Commission will:
  - Foster an exchange with MS and experts on urban access regulations across the Union, including conceptional foundations, practical implementation, effectiveness and impacts
  - Prepare, with experts, guidance that can help cities implement access regulation schemes effectively



#### **Coordinated action in urban ITS**

# **ITS offers great potential for improved and new mobility services and better infrastructure use**

- Member States are invited to:
  - Follow the Guidelines prepared by the Urban ITS Expert Group
  - Develop proper interfaces between urban and interurban transport networks
  - Set up interoperable multimodal datasets gathering all information about urban mobility
- The Commission will:
  - Review legislation on access to traffic and travel data
  - Prepare specifications on Real-Time Traffic Information and Multimodal Information Services, as foreseen by the ITS Directive
  - Facilitate the deployment of vehicle-to-vehicle and vehicle-toinfrastructure communication systems in urban areas



#### **Coordinated action in road safety**

# **11,000 fatalities on urban roads: often vulnerable users (cyclist and pedestrians)**

- Member States are invited to:
  - Ensure that urban road safety is treated as a horizontal priority in Sustainable Urban Mobility Planning
  - Ensure proper gathering of data on road safety indicators at the most detailed level
- The Commission will:
  - Gather and disseminate good practice examples for road safety planning
  - Analyse measures for reducing the number of serious road traffic injuries in urban areas



- 1. The European Structural and Investment Funds (ERDF, ESF, **Cohesion Fund**)
  - 7,9 billion Euros allocated to urban mobility over 2007-2013
  - 11,2 billion Euros planned to be allocated to urban mobility over 2014-2020 (+40% increase)
  - Urban mobility can be addressed especially under:
    - Thematic Objective 4 "Low-carbon economy" (promotion of sustainable, multi-modal mobility)
    - Thematic Objective 7 "Sustainable transport"
  - There is no ex-ante conditionality to have a SUMP but it is strongly recommended when applying for funds
  - The Commission and the Member States develop Partnership Agreements to define the strategy on national level and Operational Programmes for concrete measures on regional level Transport





- 2. The Connecting Europe Facility (CEF) funds for TEN-T projects (Trans-European Transport Network)
  - Objective 2: enabling all modes of transport to be decarbonised through transition to low-carbon and energy-efficient technologies
  - Objective 3: Optimising the integration and interconnection of transport modes, including at urban nodes of the core network
  - Specific provisions for 'urban nodes' i.e. cities on the network

Transport

- → There are €26 billion for 2014-20 vs. €8 billion for 2007-13
- Calendar for calls:

	2014	2015	2016
publication of call	11-Sep-14	01-May-15	01-May-16
deadline for submission	31-Jan-15	30-Sep-15	30-Sep-16
individual decisions	Oct-Dec 15	Apr-Jun 16	Apr-Jun 17



- 3. The European Investment Bank
  - Direct loans for large-scale projects (> 25 million Euros)
  - Intermediated loans for small and medium-scale projects, via national and regional intermediary banks who retain the decision
    - The EIB conducts due diligence of projects: eligibility, technical soundness, financial viability, acceptable economic return etc.
    - More than 25% of EIB's loan volumes are focused on climate change, including urban public transport
    - Can finance up to 75% of the costs of the projects (vs. Typically 50%)
    - Investments must be integrated into a suitable planning context such as SUMPs
    - Advice: group small projects in coherent programmes



- 3. The European Investment Bank (continued)
  - ELENA programme provides grants for energy efficiency and sustainable urban mobility projects
  - JASPERS programme provides assistance to prepare projects in the new Member States
  - European Energy Efficiency Fund, an investment fund which focuses on energy efficiency, small-scale renewable energy, and clean urban transport projects at market rates targeting municipal, local and regional authorities and public and private entities acting on behalf of those authorities



### The LIFE Programme 2014-2020



#### Environment sub-programme

- Environment & Resource Efficiency (ENV)
- Nature & Biodiversity (NAT, BIO)
- Environmental Governance & Information (GIE)

#### • Climate Action sub-programme

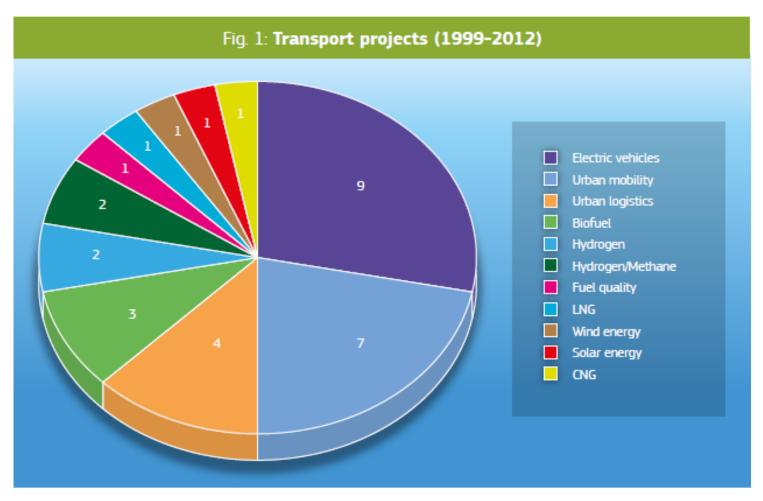
- Climate Change Mitigation (CCM)
- Climate Change Adaptation (CCA)
- Climate Change Governance & Information (GIC)







### **LIFE CCM transport projects**

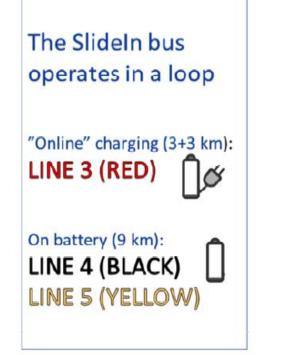


Source: LIFE database

Transport



### LIFE SLIDE IN (Sweden)









One of three Hyper Buses tested for 12 months in Gothenburg

Transport



Other sources:

4. EASME – STEER legacy

5.The INTERREG programme, for regional sustainable development projects

One of four themes is low-carbon economy

**6.The URBACT III programme, for exchanges and learnings** The first call will be published in 2015

7. The initiative "Innovative actions in sustainable urban development", for demonstration projects The first call will be published in 2015



#### **2.3 Funding for research and innovation**

- 1. The programme for 2014-2020 is called <u>Horizon 2020</u> and includes:
  - Mobility for Growth Urban (= CIVITAS 2020): 100 M€ for 2014/2015
  - 2. Mobility for Growth Infrastructure: 35 M€ for 2014/2015
  - 3. Green Vehicles: 160 M€ for 2014/2015

The calls for 2015 are published.

2. In addition, there is support for research & innovation for hydrogen under the <u>Fuel Cell and Hydrogen Joint Undertaking</u>.



#### **2.3.1 CIVITAS initiative**

- Up until now: city-led demonstration activities
- Some 60 cities have benefited from EU support for testing some 700 urban mobility measures







#### Horizon 2020 - Mobility for Growth MG5 Urban (= CIVITAS 2020) - 2015 Topics

MG 5.4 Strengthening the knowledge and capacities of local authorities MG 5.5a Demonstrating and testing innovative solutions for cleaner and better urban transport and mobility

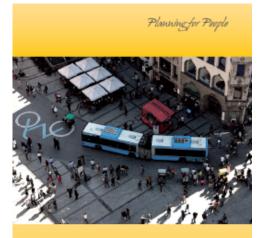
MG 5.5b Demonstrating and testing innovative solutions for cleaner and better urban transport and mobility



#### **2.4 Exchange of experience and best practice**

- Urban Mobility Portal Eltis: http://www.eltis.org
- <u>Clean Vehicles Portal</u>: http://www.cleanvehicle.eu/
- Member States Expert Group on Urban Mobility





#### GUIDELINES

DEVELOPING AND IMPLEMENTING A SUSTAINABLE URBAN MOBILITY PLAN





#### **2.5 Awareness-raising**

- European Mobility Week in September
  - http://www.mobilityweek.eu/
  - Some 2000 local partnerships registered every year, but many more cities active
  - Advertising campaign in some EU countries to promote multi-modality
- EU-award schemes with press communication
  - Civitas Award
  - Mobility Week Award
  - SUMP Award



#### **Clean Public Procurement**

- Directive 2009/33 mandates procurers to take into account lifetime impacts such as energy consumption, CO2 emissions and pollutant emissions (NOx, NMHC, PM) when procuring road transport vehicles. This can be done as technical specifications or as award criteria, including an option to use a harmonized methodology for the monetization of these impacts.
- This legislation is currently under evaluation. Stakeholders are invited to actively take part in this process and participate in the **stakeholder workshop on 17 April in Brussels**.



#### For more information:

<u>http://ec.europa.eu/transport/</u> <u>http://inea.ec.europa.eu/ http://ec.europa.eu</u> <u>/environment/life/</u>http://ec.europa.eu/clima/ <u>http://ec.europa.eu/easme/</u>

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